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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/731,969	12/08/2000	Genevieve Loussouarn	2365-25	1751
7:	590 09/09/2004		EXAM	INER
NIXON & VANDERHYE P.C.			BHATNAGAR, ANAND P	
8th Floor 1100 North Glebe Road		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Arlington, VA 22201		2623		

DATE MAILED: 09/09/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/731,969	LOUSSOUARN ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Anand Bhatnagar	2623			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period v Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 June 2004.					
<del>/</del>					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	o3 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-17 is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6 and 8-17</u> is/are rejected.					
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7</u> is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary				
<ul> <li>2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)</li> <li>Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ul>	Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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### Response to Amendment

1. The affidavit filed on 06/24/04 under 37 CFR 1.131 has been considered but is ineffective to overcome the Kreindel et al. (U.S. patent 6,162,212) reference.

The evidence submitted is insufficient to establish a reduction to practice of the invention in this country or a NAFTA or WTO member country prior to the effective date of the Kreindel et al. reference. Applicant swears in the affidavit that the instant invention was before the filing date of April 19,1999 which is the priorty date of the reference of Kreindel et al. Applicant nowhere in the affidavit states which takes place prior to April 19,1999 that of conception or reduction to practice of the instant invention. Examiner is unsure which one is he swearing behind. If applicant is swearing behind just conception of the instant invention, prior to the date of April19, 1999, then diligence must be shown since reduction to practice is assumed to be the date of filing of the instant invention.

The evidence submitted is insufficient to establish a conception of the invention prior to the effective date of the reference. While conception is the mental part of the inventive act, it must be capable of proof, such as by demonstrative evidence or by a complete disclosure to another. Conception is more than a vague idea of how to solve a problem. The requisite means themselves and their interaction must also be comprehended. See *Mergenthaler v. Scudder*, 1897 C.D. 724, 81 O.G. 1417 (D.C. Cir. 1897). Assuming reduction to practice is the date of filing of the instant invention then diligence must be

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established. Applicant lacks support for the diligence in his affidavit. There are no dates in the evidence of the affidavit showing when each step of the instant invention was conceived, which is required to show diligence.

The evidence submitted is insufficient to establish diligence from a date prior to the date of reduction to practice of the Kreindel et al. reference to either a constructive reduction to practice or an actual reduction to practice. Applicant swears in the affidavit that the instant invention was before the filing date of April 19,1999 which is the priority date of the reference of Kreindel et al. Applicant nowhere in the affidavit states which takes place prior to April 19,1999 that of conception or reduction to practice of the instant invention. Examiner is unsure which one is he swearing behind.

Further, applicant states that he is a joint inventor of one of the claims of the instant invention but does not specify which claim he is referring to. Assuming he is referring to claim 1, of the instant invention, since the limitations of claim 1 are discussed in the affidavit, that does not mean that he is a joint inventor of the other claims and/or the other claims were conceived and/or reduced to practice prior to the date of April 19,1999.

Furthermore, applicant provides an affidavit by a Mr. S. Anthony, swearing that English document provided is the true and correct translation of the documents in the French Language. In the affidavit signed by Mr. S. Anthony, there is no specific identification linking the French evidence supplied in the 35

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USC 131 affidavit by the applicant being the one being translated into the English language.

Examiner believes for the reasons above that the prior art of Kreindel et al. is a valid reference and refers to the previous office action.

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
  - A.) Claims 1 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kreindel et al. (U.S. patent 6,162,212).

Regarding claims 1 and 12: Kreindel et al. discloses a system for the simulation and predictive analysis of the evolution of a region of the scalp of a subject over time (Kreindel et al.; col. 2 lines 35-45 and col. 6 lines 46-50, where the growth of the hair is predicted and simulated over time in an area of a person's skin. The skin is read as the "scalp" since the scalp is the skin is the outerlayer on the head), characterized in that it comprises a means of observation of the said hair region able to output digital observation data (Kreindel et al.; col. 2 lines 35-40, the hair region of an area of the skin is observed), a first digital data processing means capable of classifying elementary

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parts of the said region on the basis of the observation data (Kreindel et al.; col. 2 lines 35-40 and col. 3 lines 11-18 and 38-41, where the hair is observed and analyzed for the growth stages present in the hairs), a second digital data processing means capable of simulating the evolution of the said hair region as a function of the data emanating from the first digital data processing means (Kreindel et al.; col. 2 lines 40-45 and col. 6 lines 45-49, where the simulation of hair growth takes place), and a means of displaying the data emanating from the second digital data processing means (Kreindel et al.; col. 6 lines 45-49, where the simulation is presented by grahic illustration, read as displayed), the data output by the first processing means comprising at least one classification according to the duration of the phases of the hair cycle (Kreindel et al. col. 3 lines 53-67, where the classification is performed of the duration of the phases of the hair cycle).

Kreindel et al. discloses to observe the hair growth cycles on a patient and to simulate the growth of hair over time (Kreindel et al.; col. 3 lines 37-41 and 53-67 and col. 6 lines 36-49). Kreindel does not teach a first processing nor a second processing. It is a matter of configuration of obtaining a final product. One skilled in the art may make one processor which may obtain the final product or design the system where 2 or more processors may perform specific tasks to obtain the same final product.

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B.) Claims 2-6, 8-11, and 13-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kreindel et al. (U.S. patent 6,162,212) in view of Amornsiripanitch (U.S. patent 6,389,150, will be further referred to as Amor.).

Regarding claim 2: Kreindel et al. discloses to obtain parameters pertaining to the growth cycles of the hairs, such as duration of the cycles number of follicles during each cycle, individual rate of growth of hairs, percentage of disappeared hairs, etc. (Kreindel et al.; col. 3 lines 53-67, where the percentage of clearance is read as the proportion of disappeared hairs and the classification of the numbers of hairs in each specific growth cycles is read as the individual rate of growth of hairs). Kreindel et al. does not teach to obtain certain hair parameters such as density of hairs, proportion of hairs in the dead phase. etc. Amornsiripanitch teaches to obtain certain parameters relating to the growth of the hairs such as percentage of growing hairs versus non-growing hairs, diameter size of the hair, density of the hair, budding activities, etc (Amor.; col. 2 lines 38-57 and col. 3 lines 8-11). It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art to combine the teaching of Amor. to that of Kreindel et al. because they are analogous in analyzing the growth of hairs and obtaining certain parameters pertaining to the growth cycles of the hairs. One skilled in the art would have been motivated to incorporate the teaching of hair reproduction parameters, modified for other parameters (such as proportion of dead hairs, proportion of disappeared hairs, etc.), of Amor. to the system of Kreindel et al. in order to

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observe and record the dynamic changes of all the parameters through out the hair's life cycle (Amor.; col. 2 lines 24-26).

Regarding claim 3: System characterized in that the second processing means comprises a means for applying to each observed hair a duration of continuation in its prevailing phase (Kreindel et al. col. 3 lines 53-67, where the relative number of hair in the Anagen stage is read as a duration of continuation in its prevailing phase and the Anagen stage is seen as the prevailing stage), on the basis of a distribution of the phase durations (Kreindel et al.; col. 3 lines 53-67, where the numbers of the hairs in each stage of growth is seen as the distribution) and of a random number.

Regarding claim 4: System characterized in that the second processing means comprises a means for estimating the number of cycles n.sub.c, performed by an observed hair, and for comparing it with a predetermined maximum number of cycles N.sub.k, a cycle being defined by the successive passage through the three states, anagen, telogen and disappeared (Kreindel et al.; col. 6 lines 36-49, where the simulation of hair regrowth is performed for a time period of one week. In order to perform the task of simulating the life cycle of the hair for the week the whole life cycle must be known of how long the growth cycle takes for the hairs and use this value to calculte the growth for the week. This is obviously the same process used to calculate when a hair will be lost by knowing the time of a full hair life and the length of one complete growth cycle).

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Regarding claim 5: System characterized in that the second processing means comprises a matrix of probabilities of transition from one phase to another phase (Kreindel et al.; Table 1 where the percentage of time a hair spends in the anagen phase is given depending on the location of the hair on the body. By the percentage we know that the rest of the time, in percent, is spent on the rest of the growth cycle combined and how long it would it to go through the different phases.).

Regarding claim 6: System characterized in that the second processing means comprises a means for allocating a given duration of phase to a hair (Kreindel et al.; col. 3 lines 53-67 and table 1).

Regarding claim 8: System characterized in that the second processing means comprises a matrix representative of the influence of data relating to neighbouring hairs on the transition from one phase to another phase (Kreindel et al.; Table 1, where different regions on the body are studied for their respective hair growth cycles. In order to observe how many hairs are in the anagen phase in their respective locations all the neighboring regions must be observed to see what phases or transition phases that they are currently in).

Regarding claim 9: System characterized in that the second processing means comprises a table representative of the evolution of the mean values of duration of the anagen, telogen and disappearance phases (Amor.; col. 4 lines 1-3, where the median, mode, etc. are determined of the growth cycles).

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Regarding claim 10: It is rejected for the same reason as in claim 1 and 12 and for the simulating the evolution of the entire head of hair of the subject on the basis of the data emanating from the second processing means (Kreindel et al.; col. 6 lines 45-50, where the simulation is performed).

Regarding claim 11: System according to Claim 10, characterized in that it comprises a means for associating data relating to the evolution of other sites with the data emanating from the third processing means (Kreindel et al.; Table 1 and col. 6 lines 45-50, where different areas of the body are observed for their specific hair growth patterns).

Regarding claim 13: It is rejected for the same reason as claim 2 above and for the following limitation of shaving the hair region (Amor.; col. 5 lines 34-36, where the hairs are cut to observe the hair growth stage). The obvious and motivation are the same as claim 2.

Regarding claim 14: Process according to Claim 13, in which, on the basis of the observation data, the hair coverage produced per unit time and area is calculated (Amor.; col. 2 lines 38-57 and col. 3 lines 9-11, where the percentages duration of the hair cycles are determined and the density of the hair region at a specific period of time). The obvious and motivation are the same as claim 2.

Regarding claim 15: Process according to 12 in which the second digital processing takes into account the ratios of the durations of the anagen and telogen phases (Amor.; col. 2 lines 38-57 and col. 3 lines 9-11, where the percentages duration of the hair cycles are determined and the density of the hair

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region at a specific period of time). The obvious and motivation are the same as claim 2.

Regarding claim 16: It is rejected for the same reason as claims 1 and 12 above as for the following limitation of a third digital processing and a flat projection. (Kreindel et al.; col. 6 lines 35-50 where the data is simulated and displayed. It is a matter of configuration as to what type or shape of display is configured to the system).

Regarding claim 17: It is rejected for the same reason as claims 1 and 12 above and for the third processing displaying the data (Kreindel et al.; col. 6 lines 35-50).

### Allowable Subject Matter

 Claim 7 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

#### Conclusion

4. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire

THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is

filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory

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action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

### **Contact Information**

5. Any inquiry into this communication should be directed to Anand
Bhatnagar whose telephone number is 703-306-5914, whose supervisor is
Amelia Au whose number is 703-308-6604, group receptionist is 703-305-4700,
and group fax is 703-872-9306.

Anand Bhatnagar

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August 31, 2004

SAMIR AHMED PRIMARY EXAMINER